



2009 Level 4 Exam

1	R1, R2. 0 out. The batter hits a slow rolling ground ball to the 2 nd baseman, who starts the front end of a double play with a throw to the shortstop who is covering 2 nd . R1 is called out. The short stop realizes he won't have a play at 1 st base and looks towards R2 who has just rounded 3 rd base. R1 slides wide at 2 nd base and interferes with the shortstop as he throws to the 3 rd baseman just after R2 dives back safely into 3 rd base. The umpire calls R2 out.
2	R1, R2, R3. 2 outs. The batter grounds to the 3 rd baseman, who throws home for an attempted force out. R3 beats the throw home and is called safe. The catcher immediately throws to 1 st in an attempt to force out the BR. The catcher's throw hits the BR in the back who is 8 feet from 1 st when he gets hit. The BR was running with only one foot in the running lane. The inning ends with the umpire calling the BR out and scoring the run.
3	In any Baseball Canada Championship, all team members/coaches serving as a warm-up catcher must wear a mask with a throat protector, in all areas of the ballpark.
4	The batter hits a ground ball between the 1 st and 2 nd baseman. The 1 st baseman dives and catches the ground ball. He gets to his feet and is in a race to 1 st base with the BR. The 1 st baseman dives for the bag. As his glove (with the ball in his glove) slaps 1 st base, the impact causes the ball to pop out of the glove. The 1 st baseman's dive and slap did beat the BR to the bag. The umpire calls the BR out.
5	R1, R2, R3. 0 out. The batter doubles and both R3 and R2 score. R1 is obstructed while rounding 3 rd base. He continues home and there is a close play at the plate. On the throw home, the BR attempts to go to 3 rd base. The catcher now throws to 3 rd and the BR is declared out. The play stands.
6	R1, R2, R3. 0 out. The batter hits a ground ball to the shortstop, who turns a successful double play at 2 nd and 1 st . R3 scores easily and R2 (who missed 3 rd base after the out at second was recorded) scores on a close play at the plate, as the 1 st baseman's throw is just late. The defense then properly appeals that R2 missed 3 rd base. 1 run scores.
7	In major categories of Canadian Championships (Senior, Junior, Canada Cup, and Midget), teams must use a Designated Hitter for the pitcher.
8	During the Senior Men's Canadian Championships, the bench coach asks for time and visits the pitcher. Later in the inning, the 3 rd baseman, who is the player manager, goes to the mound and talks to the pitcher. This should be ruled a second trip and the pitcher must be removed.
9	R3. The infielders are playing in tight. The batter hits a soft line drive down the third baseline about one foot in foul territory. The 3 rd baseman dives for the ball and has the potential to make a catch; however, the batted ball hits R3 in the back as he moves back toward 3 rd base while still in foul territory. The umpire calls R3 out.
10	R2. The pitcher starts his windup. The batter steps out of the batter's box without time being granted. The pitcher stops his delivery. A balk is called and R2 is awarded 3 rd base.
11	R1, R3. 1 out. R3 and R1 break on the pitch. The batter squares to bunt. As the pitch is on the way, the catcher steps forward, stands on the plate, catches the pitch and tags out R3 as he slides home. The batter freezes in his stance when he sees the catcher on the plate. R1 stops at 2 nd base. The umpire should award the batter 1 st base, leave R1 at 2 nd and allow R3 to score.
12	R1. 1 out. The batter hits a double and misses 1 st base on his way to 2 nd . R1 stops at 3 rd base. The pitcher properly appeals that the batter missed 1 st base. As the pitcher throws the ball to the 1 st baseman (who is standing on 1 st), R1 breaks from 3 rd base and attempts to score. The 1 st baseman catches the ball, while touching the base and then throws home. R1 slides in safely. The batter is called out and the run counts.

13	<p>R1, R2, R3. 2 out.</p> <p>The batter singles to right field. R2 misses 3rd base, but goes home and scores. R1 goes to 3rd safely. The right fielder's throw to 3rd base in an attempt to retire R1 goes out of play. At the time of the throw, the BR was between 1st and 2nd base. R1 is awarded home and the BR is awarded 3rd. When play resumes, the defense announces they want to appeal R2 missing 3rd base. The defense correctly appeals that R2 missed third base. As a result, no runs score.</p>
14	<p>The pitcher delivers a ball, which was intentionally damaged by the 3rd baseman. The umpire is correct in ejecting the pitcher and the 3rd baseman.</p>
15	<p>R1.</p> <p>On an attempted steal, the pitcher balks as he throws to the 1st baseman. After catching the ball, the 1st baseman throws the ball to the shortstop, who then tags R1 as he slides past 2nd. The umpire rules that R1 is out.</p>
16	<p>R2. Count: 3-2.</p> <p>The base umpire calls a balk on the pitcher as he is delivering the ball to the plate. On the pitch, R2 steals 3rd. The pitch is called ball four by the plate umpire. The BR goes to 1st base and R2 remains at 3rd.</p>
17	<p>R1, R3. 1 out.</p> <p>R3 and R1 are running on the pitch and the batter squeeze bunts directly to the pitcher who is charging toward home. The pitcher initially attempts to tag R3 as he slides into home, but misses him. The pitcher then throws to 1st base in an attempt to retire the BR. The throw hits the BR on the top of his shoulder and goes into right field. The BR was running completely in fair territory and was about 10 feet from 1st base when he was hit. After seeing the throw go into right field, R1 (who has been standing on 2nd base at the time the throw hit the BR) advances to 3rd base. The umpire calls the BR out for interference, and sends R1 back to 2nd, and allows R3 to score.</p>
18	<p>R1, R2, R3. 0 out.</p> <p>The batter hits a fly ball that is caught by the left fielder. R3 leaves early and scores. R2 stays at 2nd and R1 stays at 1st. The ball remains live and the pitcher returns to the rubber. He then steps directly to unoccupied 3rd base while saying, "We are appealing that the runner that scored left early." The umpire calls a balk and advances both runners one base.</p>
19	<p>Catcher's interference occurs, but the batter manages to top the ball directly in front of the plate. The catcher fields the ball, and throws to first striking the runner in the back. The runner has both feet in fair territory when hit and is about 10 feet from 1st base. The umpire should call the batter out for interference.</p>
20	<p>R1, R2, R3. 2 outs. Count: 3-2.</p> <p>The defense is playing deep. The pitcher pitches from a full windup and the runners take off on his first movement. The batter hits a soft line drive toward 2nd base. Just after R1 steps on 2nd base, while he is still in contact with the base, the batted ball hits him in the shoe and bounces into short center field. R3 and R2 score. R1 stays at 2nd base and the BR stops at 1st base. The umpire rules that the runner is safe because he was on the bag, and the ball is live and in play.</p>
21	<p>A relief pitcher enters the game and pitches to a count of 1-2; a pinch-hitter then replaces the batter. A substitute can now come in for the pitcher.</p>
22	<p>While a team is on offense, the pitcher may only bat as a pinch hitter in the DH's spot in the batting order.</p>
23	<p>The leadoff batter takes a strike on the outside edge of the plate. He steps out of the batter's box and glares at the plate umpire in disgust. After receiving signals from the manager, the batter continues to take his time and does not enter the batter's box. The plate umpire calls for the batter. The batter continues to stall. The plate umpire more forcefully requests that the batter enter the box and indicates that he will call a strike if the batter does not come to bat. The batter continues to stall, the umpire orders the pitcher to pitch and calls the pitch a strike even though it bounces in.</p>
24	<p>In a Junior game, the starting pitcher pitches to one batter and is then moved to second base. After the relief pitcher pitches to two more batters, the starting pitcher legally returns to pitch. He is entitled to 8 warm-up pitches.</p>

25	During the third inning of the Bantam Canadian Championships, the home team manager takes out his starting 1st baseman – Fernandez and puts in Singh. In the fifth inning, he takes out Singh and puts in Pegg. The game becomes close in the last inning and the manager comes out and tells the umpire that he is putting Fernandez back in at 1st base. The umpire denies the substitution. The umpire is correct.
26	1 out. R1, R2. Count 3-1. During the Canada Cup, the runners are attempting a double steal on the pitch. The catcher's throw to third base seems to be in time to get the runner and the umpire calls R2 out. The pitch was called ball four. R2 had already begun to walk towards the dugout believing he is out. The play stands and R2 is out.
27	R1, R2. 0 out. The batter hits a high fly ball toward the shortstop. The shortstop allows the ball to land in front of him and catches the ball on one bounce. Seeing the ball uncaught, R2 breaks for 3 rd base and is tagged out by the shortstop. The shortstop then throws the ball to 2nd base in an attempt to force out R1 who is still standing on 1 st base. This should be ruled an infield fly and R1 and R2 should be called safe.
28	The visiting team is using a DH for their pitcher. The manager goes to the mound to change pitchers. A new pitcher enters the game from the bullpen and the old pitcher goes to play shortstop. The new pitcher must bat in the DH spot in the line-up and the old pitcher in the shortstop's position in the line-up.
29	R2. A line drive deflects off the 3 rd baseman's glove, hits R2 and is caught by the shortstop before touching the ground. The umpire rules R2 out for interference and also declares the batter out on the shortstop's catch.
30	2 out. No runners. Count: 3-1. The pitcher is pitching from the set but does not come to a complete stop as he delivers the pitch to the batter. This is a balk.
31	R2, R3. 2 out. The batter hits a double to the fence. Both R2 and R3 score. Just before the runners leave the plate area, the team yells at R3 to go back and touch the plate that he had missed when he ran home. After R3 has touched the plate, the catcher calls for the ball at home and appeals to the umpire that R3 did not touch the plate. The umpire declares R3 out and no runs score.
32	When the play is dead, if the pitcher requests an alternate ball; the umpire must give him one.
33	A pitcher who enters the game due to an injury is allowed as many pitches as the umpire deems necessary.
34	To end the top of the 6th inning, Edward bats in place of the proper batter Daniel and flies out. The home team leaves the field and while the visiting team is warming up, the manager of the home team appeals that the visiting batter Edward had batted out of turn. The umpire should uphold the appeal and declare Daniel out to end the top of the 6th and have Edward lead off the top of the seventh.
35	0 out. Batting order: Able, Baker, Charles, Daniel, etc. Daniel bats in place of Charles. Baker was on 1 st and steals 2 nd . Daniel singles and Baker scores. The defense properly appeals. The umpire calls out Charles and returns Baker to 1 st . Daniel is now up to bat.
36	R1. 2 outs. Bottom of the 6 th . A relief pitcher enters the game, without delivering a single pitch; the new pitcher successfully picks off R1, thus retiring the side. The manager now inserts a pinch-hitter for the reliever, who is due to lead off the next half-inning. This is legal.
37	In the PeeWee Canadian Championships, the visiting team manager takes out his starting center fielder, Gilbert in the fourth inning and puts in Charles. During the sixth inning, he announces that Gilbert will be coming back into the game for Charles and will be going to the mound to pitch. The umpire does not allow the substitution because Gilbert has been in the game already. The umpire is correct.
38	2 out. Count 3-2. The batter takes a pitch right down the middle of the plate; the plate umpire calls it strike three. The batter turns on his heel and heads towards the dugout, not realizing that the ball had bounced off the heel of the catcher's mitt. Once the batter left the dirt circle, the plate umpire declared the batter out to end the inning.

39	R2. 2 out. The batter hits a ground ball to the shortstop. The shortstop's throw to 1 st base is in the dirt and gets by the first baseman. R2 rounds 3 rd base and is heading for home. The BR rounds 1 st base, collides with the base umpire, and is thrown out on a close play at 2 nd base. At the time of the out at 2 nd base, R2 was about 5 feet from home plate. The umpire rules interference, awards R2 2 nd and scores the run.
40	R2, R3. 1 out. 1-1 count. R3 attempts to steal home, R2 remains at 2 nd . The catcher interferes with the batter and the pitch is fouled off. The umpire declares the ball dead, allows R3 to score, leaves R2 at 2 nd , and awards the BR 1 st .
41	R2. 0 out. The batter hits a looping line drive to short right field. R2 hold up and returns to 2 nd base as the ball drops safely. The BR rounds 1 st and collides with the 1 st baseman. Obstruction is indicated. The BR continues to run and reaches 2 nd base safely, where both runners are now standing. The defensive player tags both runners. The umpire should call time and award R2 3 rd base and leave the BR at 2 nd base.
42	R1. 0 outs. R1 is stealing on the pitch. The batter bunts the ball to the 3 rd baseman, who fields the ball, throws wildly to 1 st base, and the throw goes into dead ball territory. At the time of the throw R1 had already reached 2 nd base. The umpire awards R1 home and the BR 2 nd .
43	R1. 1 out. The batter hits a one-hopper to the 1 st baseman. R1 stays standing on 1 st base. The 1 st baseman steps on 1 st base and then tags R1. The umpire calls both the BR and R1 out for a double play.
44	R1. 0 out. The batter hits a double. R1 has rounded 2 nd , when the outfielder gets the ball and throws to the cut-off man, the shortstop. The throw to the shortstop is going over his head when he throws his glove and hits the ball as R1 is approaching 3 rd base. R1 continues advancing and is tagged out at home. The out at home stands.
45	During a game when the manager goes to the mound to visit his pitcher, the manager is considered to have concluded his visit when he crosses the foul line on the way back to the dugout.
46	The batter hits a high chopper back up the middle, the ball hits the rosin bag. The base umpire declares the ball dead and awards the batter-runner first base.
47	R3. 1 out. The batter hits a deep fly ball down the left field line in foul territory. The left fielder runs over and makes the catch in foul territory, takes 3 more steps and falls with the ball out of play. The umpire calls time and awards R3 home. R3 was off the bag at the time of the catch and proceeds home when awarded it by the umpire. After putting the ball in play, the defense correctly appeals that R3 did not re-touch 3 rd prior to advancing home. The umpire denies the appeal because he was the one who awarded R3 home. The umpire is correct.
48	The batter's fair ball bounces out of play and he is awarded 2 nd base. On his way to 2 nd , the batter misses 1 st base. After touching 2 nd base, the batter goes back and touches 1 st base. The batter then returns to 2 nd . When the defense properly appeals, the batter should be declared out.
49	At Baseball Canada Championships, metal spikes/cleats may be worn in Midget divisions and above.
50	At all Baseball Canada Championships, all batboys/batgirls must wear a double earflap protective helmet.